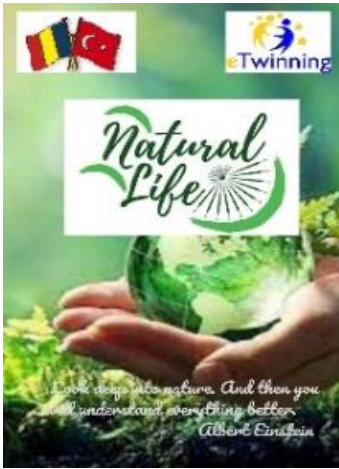


eTwinning project NATURAL LIFE

Coordonatori: Prof. învățământ primar Chivulescu Maria-Daniela

Prof. învățământ primar Vasile Iuliana Ancuța



Elevii clasei Pregătitoare D, coordonați de dna prof. Chivulescu Maria-Daniela și elevii clasei a II-a C, coordonați de dna prof. Vasile Iuliana Ancuța participă în anul școlar 2024-2025 la proiectul eTwinning „NATURAL LIFE”, alături de alți 20 de parteneri din Turcia și România.

Proiectul se adresează elevilor de 6-11 ani și își propune ca elevii noștri să aibă cunoștințe preliminare despre problemele naturii și să înțeleagă importanța unei vieți durabile împreună cu toate ființele vii din natură.

Ne așteptăm ca ei să prețuiască ființele vii, să se preocupe de continuarea generațiilor lor, să conștientizeze frumusețile vieții împreună. Ne propunem ca elevii să dobândească cunoștințe despre valorile de bază ale vieții ecologice. Dorim ca ei să își reducă deșeurile, să găsească idei pentru a folosi deșeurile reciclabile sau reutilizabile într-un mod diferit și să se distreze folosind arta în timp ce fac acest lucru.



https://padlet.com/dana_chivulescu/school-board-coresi-school-t-rgovi-te-rom-nia-kclq2wf0kobj8o5j

<https://padlet.com/patuleaiuliana/natural-life-t69cvk76afu8mlu1>

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/991269189574721>

<https://www.instagram.com/natu.rallife2024/profilecard/?igsh=MTZzd2k1Nm80NWloNQ==>



NATURAL LIFE PROJECT



OUR PROJECT
FOUNDERS
Sevcan Ulusal
Irina Aldea
Türkiye
Romania

In our Natural Life Project, we set out with 10 partner teachers from Turkey and 13 teachers from Romania.



WHAT ARE NATURE'S PROBLEMS?

WHAT DO WE UNDERSTAND BY THE WORD SUSTAINABLE LIFE?



With our project, we aim for our students to have preliminary knowledge about the problems of nature and to understand the importance of a sustainable life together with all living things in nature. We expect him to value living things, to care about the continuation of their generations, to realize the beauties of life together. We aim for them to have knowledge about the basic values of ecological life. We want them to reduce their waste, come up with ideas for evaluating recyclable or usable waste in a different place, and have fun using art while doing so.



With this project, we teach our students about the natural problems that occur as a result of the damage caused by humans to nature. We aim to make people understand the importance of recycling and the natural environment in order to get rid of these problems.

OUR NATURAL WORLD HE IS THE MAKER



Living Spaces of Living Things

Living things live in different regions of the Earth, in habitats suitable for them. Each living species needs certain environmental conditions to survive and reproduce. Factors such as temperature, humidity, light and food sources determine which creatures can live in an area. For example, polar bears are adapted to cold climates, and desert foxes are adapted to hot, arid environments. Human activities destroy natural habitats and narrow the habitats of many living species. Problems such as destruction of forests and pollution of water resources negatively affect the diversity of living things. Preserving natural habitats is vital for the survival of all living things. Protected areas contribute to the preservation of natural balance and increase biodiversity.



Aquatic Plants

Aquatic plants are of great importance not only for aquatic ecosystems but also for humans. They improve the quality of water by producing oxygen and create living spaces for aquatic creatures. Some aquatic plants are consumed as food and are an important source of nutrients. For example, rice, duckweed and some types of algae are considered food. Additionally, aquatic plants prevent erosion in waterways, help clean water and increase the biodiversity of wetlands. Some aquatic plants are used in medicine and cosmetic products. Additionally, aquatic plants also play an important role in aquaculture. For example, they provide a suitable environment for fish to spawn and develop their offspring.

NATURAL LIFE PROJECT

Here are a few important points...

Let's listen to the voice of nature, let's listen to it.
A small change can make a big difference.



endangered species



ENDANGERED ANIMALS ENDEMIC PLANTS

Environmental pollution

Environmental pollution is a problem that arises as a result of human activities negatively affecting the natural environment, directly or indirectly. Factors such as industrialization, population growth and unconscious consumption cause air, water and soil pollution. This situation has serious consequences such as climate change, ozone layer depletion, decrease in biodiversity and deterioration of human health. Environmental pollution is a global problem that negatively affects not only natural life, but also economic and social life. Therefore, urgent measures need to be taken to protect the environment and leave a livable world to future generations.



Recycling and Sustainability

Recycling is the process of preventing consumed products from entering the environment as waste and recycling them. This process makes significant contributions to the protection of natural resources, energy saving and reduction of environmental pollution. Thanks to recycling, the need for raw materials decreases and the amount of waste accumulated in landfills decreases. In this way, natural habitats are protected and a cleaner world is left to future generations. Additionally, recycling is economically advantageous. Because products produced using recycled materials are lower cost than products produced from new raw materials.

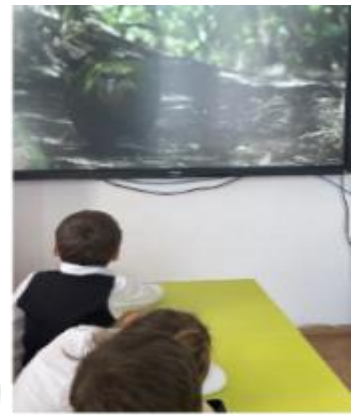


LIVING AREAS OF LIVING THINGS



CHIVULESCU MARIA-DANIELA, ȘCOALA GIMNAZIALĂ „CORESI” TÂRGOVIȘTE





INTERESTING ANIMALS

KAKAPO



CHIVULESCU MARIA-DANIELA, ȘCOLA GIMNAZIALĂ „CORESI” TÂRGOVIȘTE

MEET THE KAKAPO



00:04 / 00:29



CHATTER

